Alexander the Great

Most important thing is he spread Greek culture, ideas, literature around the

known world.

-Greek city-states weak from Peloponnesian War

-Macedonia, a country to the north conquered the Greek city-states. King Phillip, conquered Greece, but respected the culture

-Alexander was educated by Aristotle, a Greek teacher, and loved the culture

-Phillip wanted to conquer Persia, but died.

-Alexander becomes king and lives his father’s dream

-He conquers Egypt, Syria, Asia Minor, Mesopotamia, the Persian Empire, and India.

-He takes the Greek culture with him.

-Alexander the Great dies at 33 and his empire is broken up among his generals.

-The generals don’t get along and are divided.

-Within a 100 years his empire falls and Rome conquers all.